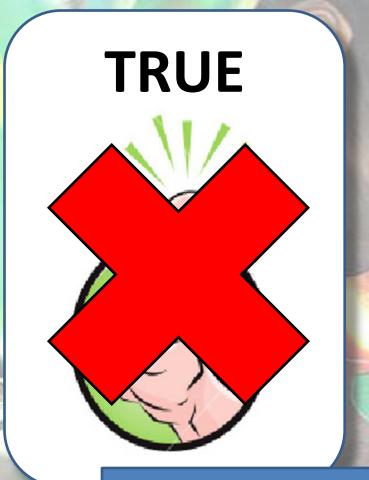


There is only one specie of Orangutans.



FALSE

There are two!
The Pongo
abelii,
and the Pongo
pygmaeus.

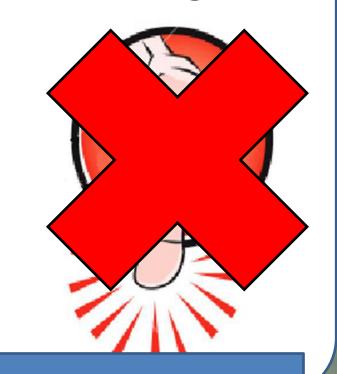
Where does the Pongo Abelii live?

The Orangutans are the only apes in the world from Asia.

TRUE

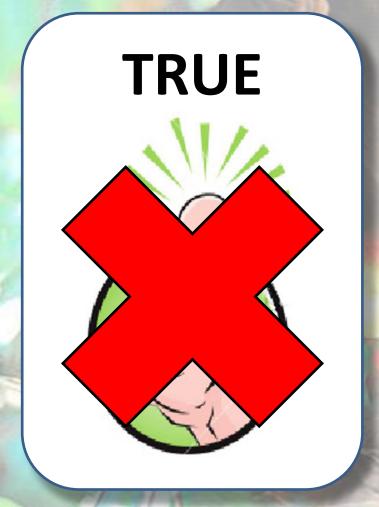
They are the only great ape from Asia and they are found in tropical rainforests in northern Sumatra, Indonesia and in the swamps of Borneo

FALSE



Why do the Orangutans enjoy the tropical rainforests?

Orangutans sleep in tree logs on the ground.



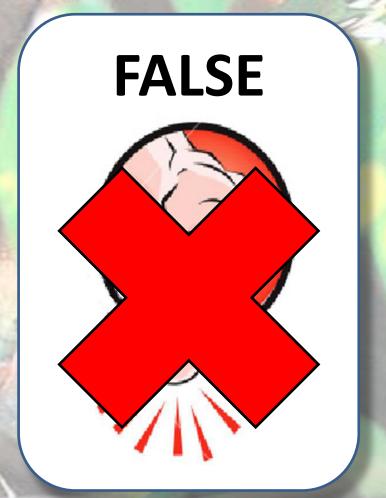
FALSE

Orangutans
build nests high
in the trees at
night and
sometimes
even make a
roof of twigs!!!

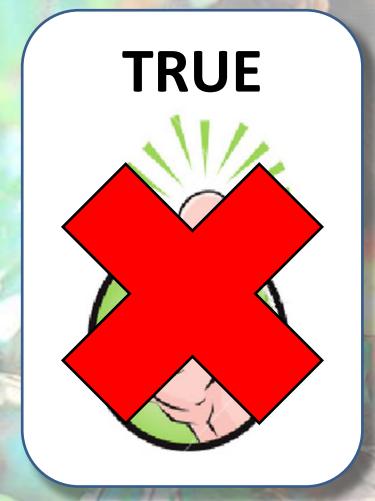
An orangutan arms can have a reach of more than 8 feet.

TRUE

Orangutans
usually move by
swinging from one
branch to another;
this is called
brachiating.



Orangutans are not an endangered species.



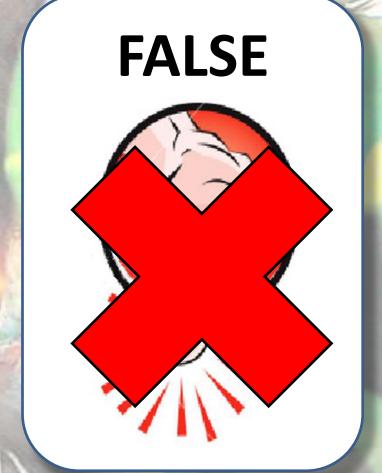
FALSE

Baby Orangutans are caught and sold as pets and the numbers of Orangutans are decreasing as they lose their habitat to people.

Orangutans diets mainly consist of fruit.

TRUE

They eat forest fruits, including durians, jackfruits, leeches, mangos, and figs, and also small animals, tree bark, soils rich in minerals, leaves and shoots.



Orangutans travel in large family groups.



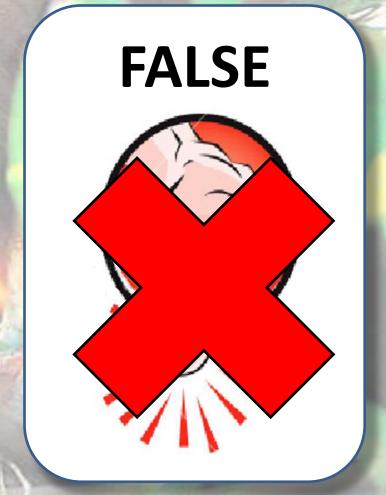
FALSE

Orangutans do not live in large social or family groups. They are semi-solitary animals. Adult males are usually found alone and adult females are usually accompanied by one or two offspring.

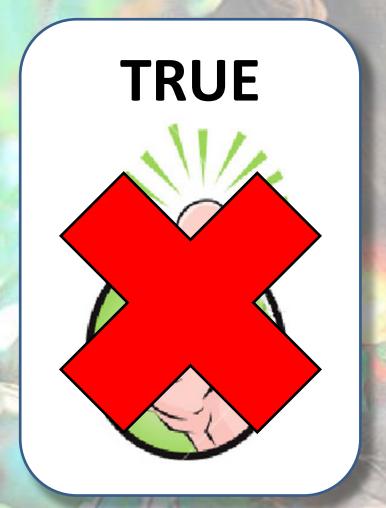
Orangutans have lost 80% of their habitat in the last 20 years!

TRUE

Tropical rainforests are being cut down for timber and the land cleared for mining and palm oil plantations.



The Orangutans' reproductive rate is quite fast.



FALSE

In the wild, orangutans have only one infant every six to nine years, making orangutans particularly vulnerable to extinction.

Orangutans are highly intelligent and use tools to find food.

TRUE

They will poke twigs into holes to catch insects, chew up leaves and use them as sponges and use branches and sticks to test the depth of water before entering it.

